

	Hits	Search Text	DBs
1	19	(("20020073091") or ("6569207") or ("6745208") or ("20020169825") or ("6480865") or ("20020120616") or ("20020129060") or ("20020091835") or ("20020083093") or ("20020069223") or ("20020112078") or ("20010044811") or ("6806890") or ("20040015840") or ("20020087971") or ("20040015891") or ("20050015732") or ("20020108121") or ("6581062")) .PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT
2	1	scan\$5 with database\$1 with outgoing with (request\$1 or quer\$5 or inquir\$3)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
3	722	scan\$5 with database\$1 with (request\$1 or quer\$5 or inquir\$3)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
4	369	13 and @ad < "20010615"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB

	Hits	Search Text	DBs
5	47	(source and target) adj schema\$1	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
6	0	("l4andl5").PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
7	0	l4 and l5	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
8	46	l4 and schema\$1	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
9	21	l8 and source\$1 and (target or destination)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
10	466469	((persistent adj (memor\$3 or storage\$1)) or non\$1volatile or hard\$1drive\$1 or flash\$1memor\$3 or rom or eprom)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB

	Hits	Search Text	DBs
11	8	19 and 110	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
12	1	111 and java and xml	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
13	161	(scan\$5 near2 database\$1) with (request\$1 or quer\$5 or inquir\$3)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
14	99	(scan\$5 near2 database\$1) near5 (request\$1 or quer\$5 or inquir\$3)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
15	62	114 and @ad < "20010615"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
16	24	115 and source\$1 and (target or destination)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB

	Hits	Search Text	DBs
17	15	l16 and l10	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
18	1	l17 and xml	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
19	3	l11 and xml	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
20	1448	(scan\$5 near database\$1)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
21	1448	(scan\$5 near1 database\$1)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
22	780	l21 and @ad < "20010615"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB

	Hits	Search Text	DBs
23	7	122 and java and xml	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
24	0	122 and 15	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
25	30	122 and source\$1 and schema\$1 and (target or destination)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB
26	1	125 and java and xml	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB

Set	Items	Description
S1	959205	DATA() (SYSTEM? OR SET OR SETS OR ELEMENT? OR OBJECT?) OR DATASET? OR DATASYSTEM? OR (SQL OR STRUCTUR?() QUER? OR QUER?() - LANGUAG?) () (SET OR SYSTEM? OR SETS OR ELEMENT? OR OBJECT?) OR DOCUMENT? OR DTD
S2	6332240	TRANSLAT? OR CONVERT? OR CONVERSION? OR MODIF? OR ADAPT? OR TRANSFORM?
S3	538481	NEUTRAL? OR UNCOMMIT? OR UNDEFIN? OR INDEFIN? OR INDISTINCT? OR UNDISTING?
S4	504	(SOURCE OR LEGACY OR ORIGINAL?) (2N) SCHEMA? ?
S5	1973	(TARGET? OR ANOTHER? OR XML OR EXTENSIB?() (MARKUP OR MARK(-)UP OR DIFFERENT? OR HETERO?() () LANGUAG?) (3N) SCHEMA? ?
S6	219347	(RELAT? OR MAP OR MAPS OR MAPPED OR MAPPING) (3N) (INSTRUCTION? OR INFORMATION? OR RULE? OR SCHEMA? ? OR GRAMMAR? OR SPECIFIC? OR PROGRAM?)
S7	19396	(QUEUE? OR QUEUING OR COMPIL? OR PERSIST?) (7N) (STORE? OR STORAG? OR BUFFER? OR CACHE? OR CACHING? OR MEMOR?)
S8	2431049	WAN OR NETWORK? OR ETHERNET? OR INTRANET? OR INTERNET? OR - WANS
S9	4499033	SEND? OR SENT OR TRANSMIT? OR TRANSMIS? OR RELAY? OR OUTGOING? OR FORWARD? OR TRANSFER?
S10	61623	JAVA? OR JSP OR JSPS
S11	30670	XML OR EXTENSIB?() (MARKUP OR MARK()UP) () LANGUAG?
S12	3094711	BRIDG? OR GATEWAY? OR LINK? OR CONCATENAT? OR INTERFAC? OR COMMUNICAT?() BETWEEN
S13	6011	(S2 OR S12) AND S1 AND S3:S6
S14	1815	(S2 OR S12) AND S11 AND S10
S15	71	S13 AND S14
S16	904	S14 AND S10:S11(5N) (SCHEMA? ? OR RULE? OR GRAMMAR? OR PROGRAM? OR SPECIFIC? OR INSTRUCTION?)
S17	12	S14 AND S7
S18	387	S16 AND S8
S19	64	S18 AND S9
S20	142	S15 OR S17 OR S19
S21	65	S20 AND PY<2002
S22	62	RD (unique items)

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(c) 2005 INIST/CNRS

File 256:TecInfoSource 82-2005/May  
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?

22/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC

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7128568 INSPEC Abstract Number: C2002-01-6130D-016

**Title: Active page generation via customizing XML for data beans in e-commerce applications**

Author(s): Li Chen; Rundensteiner, E.; Ally, A.; Rice Chen; Weidong Kou

Author Affiliation: Dept. of Comput. Sci., Worcester Polytech. Inst., MA, USA

Conference Title: Electronic Commerce Technologies. Second International Symposium, ISEC 2001. Proceedings (Lecture Notes in Computer Science Vol.2040) p.79-97

Editor(s): Kou, W.; Yesha, Y.; Chung Jen Tan

Publisher: Springer-Verlag, Berlin, Germany

Publication Date: 2001 Country of Publication: Germany x+186 pp.

ISBN: 3 540 41963 2 Material Identity Number: XX-2001-01775

Conference Title: Electronic Commerce Technologies

Conference Sponsor: E-Business Technol. Inst.; Univ. Hong Kong; Inst. Global Electron. Commerce; et al

Conference Date: 26-28 April 2001 Conference Location: Hong Kong, China

Language: English

Subfile: C

Copyright 2001, IEE

**Title: Active page generation via customizing XML for data beans in e-commerce applications**

...Abstract: architecture and their Model-Control-View (MCV) programming model. Based on observed limitations of the JSP (Java Server Page) technique commonly adopted for dynamic page generation (the view logic), we instead propose an alternative solution approach, namely a generic **schema mapping** strategy to generate **XML documents** and DTDs from enterprise data beans. First, we describe in detail the **XML** generation process for the content composition logic. We also outline the XSL processing for the **transformation** logic. The separation of these two logics results in a generic solution to the bean viewing problem. In particular, it improves the bean reusability via its **XML** representative compared to the rigid strategy of hard-coding logics into **JSP**. Our proposed **XML** mapping solution represents a potentially valuable addition to future versions of the enterprise data beans...

... Lastly, we survey the state-of-art research results and emerging standards related to this **XML** model mapping approach.

...Descriptors: **Java**

...Identifiers: **XML** customization...

... **JSP** ; ...

... **Java** Server Page technique...

...generic **schema mapping** strategy...

... **XML documents** ; ...

... **XML** generation process...

... **transformation** logic...

... **XML** representative...

... **XML** mapping solution...

... XML model mapping approach  
2001



22/3,K/8 (Item 8 from file: 2)  
DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC  
(c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

6170834 INSPEC Abstract Number: C1999-04-6130D-003

**Title: An XML document to JavaScript object converter**

Author(s): Hildyard, A.

Journal: WEB Techniques vol.4, no.1 p.63-9

Publisher: Miller Freeman,

Publication Date: Jan. 1999 Country of Publication: USA

CODEN: WETFEA ISSN: 1086-556X

SICI: 1086-556X(199901)4:1L.63:DJOC;1-R

Material Identity Number: F184-1998-012

Language: English

Subfile: C

Copyright 1999, IEE

**Title: 'An XML document to JavaScript object converter**

Abstract: **XML** is fast gaining currency as the standard for Web based data **transmission**. But how will **XML** documents be viewed by all those non **XML** browsers? The author has come up with an approach that brings some of the benefits of **XML** based documents to non **XML** browsers. His workaround is a server side **conversion** of **XML** documents to **JavaScript** code; this code gets interpreted by the browser and results in a data structure roughly equivalent to the parse tree that would have been produced by an **XML** enabled browser. **Transforming XML** documents from tag stream to DOM (Document Object Model) provides a similar benefit of increased accessibility for the data consumer that moving data from databases to **XML** data sources provides for data producers. With **XML** represented at the level of the DOM, Web based consumers are freed from both the need for an **XML** parser and also from the need to have direct access to original **XML** data sources. Applets, scriptlets, ActiveX controls, and other client side components have the same **programmatic** access to browser based **XML** documents as they have to the rest of the browser's DOM. As it turns out, this workaround offers significant advantages over a pure **XML** approach: it's a lot faster, and the code to manipulate **XML** derived objects is cleaner and more concise.

...Descriptors: **Internet** ; ...

... **Java** ;

Identifiers: **XML** document...

... **JavaScript** object **conversion** ; ...

...Web based data **transmission** ; ...

...non **XML** browsers...

...server side **conversion** ; ...

... **JavaScript** code...

... **XML** enabled browser...

... **XML** data sources...

...browser based **XML** documents...

... **XML** derived objects

1999



22/3,K/14 (Item 5 from file: 8)  
DIALOG(R)File 8: Ei Compendex(R)  
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05832125 E.I. No: EIP01246536220

**Title: Prototype for wrapping and visualizing geo-referenced data in a distributed environment using XML technology**

Author: Zhang, J.; Javed, M.; Shaheen, A.; Gruenwald, L.

Corporate Source: The University of Oklahoma School of Computer Science, Norman, OK, 73019, United States

Conference Title: 8th ACM Workshop on Advances in Geographic Information Systems

Conference Location: Washington, DC, United States Conference Date: 20001110-20001111

E.I. Conference No.: 58103

Source: Proceedings of the ACM Workshop on Advances in Geographic Information Systems 2000. p 27-32

Publication Year: 2000

Language: English

**Title: Prototype for wrapping and visualizing geo-referenced data in a distributed environment using XML technology**

...Abstract: components: GRI wrapper for distributed GRI web sites, GRI integration mediator and client side visualization **interface**. In this prototype, **XML** is used as a communication protocol between distributed web sites that provide GRI and the mediator, and between the mediator and clients. **Java** Servlets are written to **translate** data in distributed websites into **XML** documents. Data in distributed websites can be stored in a flat file, relational database, object-oriented database or object-relational database. **Java** Servlet in the mediator server retrieves data from related distributed websites in an **XML** format upon a request from the client side, parses the retrieved **XML** documents, performs merge or other operations on the retrieved **XML** documents to build a new **XML** document and **sends** it to the client side. When the client side gets the requested data from the mediator server, it will parse the returned **XML** document and draw it inside the browser window by using a **Java** applet. 25 Refs.

Descriptors: \*Geographic information systems; World Wide Web; **XML**; Visualization; User **interfaces**; **Network** protocols; **Java programming** language; Database systems; Client server computer systems; Web browsers; Computer architecture; Integration

Identifiers: Geo referenced information; Client side visualization **interface**; **Java** servlets

22/3,K/16 (Item 1 from file: 34)  
DIALOG(R)File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci  
(c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.

10491158 Genuine Article#: BT97M No. References: 14

**Title: Active page generation via customizing XML for data beans in e-commerce applications**

Author(s): Chen L (REPRINT) ; Rundensteiner E; Ally A; Chen R; Kou WD  
Corporate Source: Worcester Polytech Inst,Dept Comp Sci,Worcester//MA/01609  
(REPRINT); Worcester Polytech Inst,Dept Comp Sci,Worcester//MA/01609;  
IBM Toronto Lab,E Commerce Dev Ctr,Toronto/ON M3C 1H7/Canada/; Univ  
Hong Kong,E Business Technol Inst, Dept Comp Sci & Informat Syst,Hong  
Kong/Hong Kong/Peoples R China/  
, 2001 , V2040, P79-97

ISSN: 0302-9743 Publication date: 20010000

Publisher: SPRINGER-VERLAG BERLIN, HEIDELBERGER PLATZ 3, D-14197 BERLIN,  
GERMANYELECTRONIC COMMERCE TECHNOLOGIES, PROCEEDINGS

Series: LECTURE NOTES IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

Language: English Document Type: ARTICLE (ABSTRACT AVAILABLE)

**Title: Active page generation via customizing XML for data beans in e-commerce applications**

, 2001

...Abstract: architecture and their Model-Control-View (MCV) programming model. Based on observed limitations of the JSP (Java Server Page) technique commonly adopted for dynamic page generation (the view logic), we instead propose an alternative solution approach, namely, a generic schema mapping strategy to generate XML documents and DTDs from enterprise data beans. First, we describe in detail the XML generation process for the content composition logic. We also outline the XSL processing for the transformation logic. The separation of these two logics results in a generic solution to the bean viewing problem. In particular, it improves the bean reusability via its XML representative compared to the rigid strategy of hard-coding logics into JSP. Our proposed XML mapping solution represents a potentially valuable addition to future versions of the enterprise data beans...

...Lastly, we survey the state-of-art research results and emerging standards related to this XML model mapping approach.

22/3,K/17 (Item 1 from file: 94)

DIALOG(R)File 94:JICST-EPlus

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05042921 JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 01A1008265 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E

**A Tool for Java API Documentation in XML .**

NAKAMURA AKIHITO (1)

(1) Sangyogijutsusogoken

Joho Shori Gakkai Kenkyu Hokoku, 2001 , VOL.2001,NO.90(DD-30), PAGE.17-24  
, FIG.8, REF.12

JOURNAL NUMBER: Z0031BAO ISSN NO: 0919-6072

UNIVERSAL DECIMAL CLASSIFICATION: 681.3.06.004.14:800.92 681.3.02:651.2

LANGUAGE: Japanese COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION: Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

ARTICLE TYPE: Original paper

MEDIA TYPE: Printed Publication

**A Tool for Java API Documentation in XML .**

, 2001

ABSTRACT: **Javadoc** is a tool to generate HTML-formatted **Java API documentation** from **Java** source files. By using **Javadoc** , programmers can easily produce API **documents** while writing the source code. Users can customize the output of **Javadoc** by using a Doclet plug-in. **XML** is a platform-, application-, and language- **neutral** , computer-comprehensive, and "single-source multi-use" **document** format. We developed a Doclet, named XMLDoclet, that generates **Java API documents** in **XML** . This paper describes the design and implementation of the XMLDoclet. (author abst.)

...DESCRIPTORS: system **interface** ; ...

... **documentation**

IDENTIFIERS: **Java** ;

...BROADER DESCRIPTORS: **interface** ;

22/3,K/51 (Item 31 from file: 256)  
DIALOG(R)File 256:TecInfoSource  
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00128403 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: HTTP (835307); SOAP (842575); XML (837709); JMS ( Java  
Message Service) (781037)

TITLE: IT and the NOW economy: XML technologies can provide more  
options...

AUTHOR: Hudson, Michael Miller, Craig

SOURCE: Intelligent Enterprise, v4 n2 p24(5) Jan 30, 2001

ISSN: 1524-3621

HOME PAGE: <http://www.intelligententerprise.com>

RECORD TYPE: Review

REVIEW TYPE: Product Comparison

GRADE: Product Comparison, No Rating

REVISION DATE: 20020830

...PRODUCT NAMES: 842575); XML (... .

...837709); JMS ( Java Message Service

TITLE: IT and the NOW economy: XML technologies can provide more  
options.....

Hypertext **Transfer** Protocol (HTTP), Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP),  
and Sun Microsystems' **Java** Messaging Service are highlighted in a  
discussion of the combined use of **eXtensible Markup Language (XML)**  
and remote procedure calls (RPCs) for deployment of real-time, distribution  
collaboration. HTTP can be...

...transport protocol, especially because HTTP works well with security  
measures and does not require a **specific** platform or processor  
implementation. **XML** is an excellent choice for expressing complicated  
data types. Like HTTP, it is open and platform- **neutral** . The SOAP protocol  
was developed to **link XML** with RPC. SOAP is a **specification** and **XML**  
implementation language with a **specific schema** . SOAP bundles  
information contained in a RPC and provides standards for error handling.  
The SOAP...

...the structure of the specific RPC call between client and server is  
referenced as an **XML** namespace. Topics covered include the significance  
of SOAP; making **XML** and RPC work in tandem; MOM-based products that  
support message queuing, including IBM MQSeries and Microsoft MSMQ; **Java**  
Messaging Service (JMS) as a universal venue; and the advantages of JMS,  
including faster **programming** and easy support for **XML documents** as  
messages.

DESCRIPTORS: Client/server; Communications Protocols; Communications  
Standards; Distributed Processing; **Network** Software; SOAP; **XML**  
1999

22/3,K/55 (Item 35 from file: 256)  
DIALOG(R) File 256:TecInfoSource  
(c) 2005 Info.Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

00123792 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: JMS ( Java Message Service) (781037); XML (837709

TITLE: XML and Java deliver e-business goods  
AUTHOR: Chappell, Dave  
SOURCE: Network World, v17 n19 p113(1) May 8, 2000  
ISSN: 0887-7661  
HOMEPAGE: <http://www.nwfusion.com>

RECORD TYPE: Review  
REVIEW TYPE: Product Analysis  
GRADE: Product Analysis, No Rating

REVISION DATE: 20020830

PRODUCT NAMES: JMS ( Java Message Service...

...781037); XML (

TITLE: XML and Java deliver e-business goods  
The Java Message Service (JMS) **specification** is increasingly used to **transmit eXtensible Markup Language (XML)** information throughout an enterprise. Centrally maintained routing services and format **transformation** engines can be exchanged in a hub-and-spoke architecture. For instance, a trading partner can **send** an incoming **XML**-based message through a JMS server to a JMS client (and the reverse) through an **Internet gateway**. A special JMS client examines content and **sends** it as needed, and a PO-created event is published. An Extensive Stylesheet Language **Transformation** service subscribes to the event and **converts** it to the needed format for the specific user application. A purchase order is processed...

...a similar process to continue processing the purchase order through the supply. JMS is a **specification** from **JavaSoft** that describes how applications or application portions communicate in a 'loosely coupled, mostly asynchronous environment.' The semantics of message delivery are set forth, and application programming **interfaces** (APIs) for **linking** a message service to an application are specified. A publish and subscribe model permits application components to transport and receive **XML** documents as messages based on topic subscriptions. JMS also supports the point-to-point messaging...

DESCRIPTORS: Communications **Interfaces** ; Communications Standards; **Java**  
; Middleware; **XML**  
1999

22/3,K/61 (Item 41 from file: 256)  
DIALOG(R) File 256:TecInfoSource  
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00115117 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: XML (837709); Java (573744

TITLE: XML , Java : Perfect fit?  
AUTHOR: Gonsalves, Antone  
SOURCE: PC Week, v16 n11 p10(1) Mar 15, 1999  
ISSN: 0740-1604

RECORD TYPE: Review  
REVIEW TYPE: Product Analysis  
GRADE: Product Analysis, No Rating

REVISION DATE: 19990830

PRODUCT NAMES: XML (...

...837709); Java (

TITLE: XML , Java : Perfect fit?  
A merging of the **eXtensible Markup Language (XML)** and Sun Microsystems' **Java** are under way by Sun, as the company develops extensions to **Java** that would result in a standard method for gaining access to data objects included in **XML** documents to **Java** applications. The extensions would act to provide a standard technique for mapping Enterprise **JavaBeans** to **XML**-carried data, and to ease and make more efficient data sharing among applications. **XML** is the data **transfer** and data exchange format of the **Internet**, says a manager of architecture and standards at Conexant Systems. Conexant is a builder of communications semiconductors and has developed project collaboration software based on **XML** and **Java** for development teams. The software runs on Bluestone's **XML** Server and the Sapphire/Web application server. Many Web application server vendors, including IBM, BEA Systems, Bluestone, and Sun presently offer **XML** support in EJBs; however, the tools are proprietary, and a standard **Java** application **programming interface (API)** for gaining access to **XML** data objects would streamline the process of using the two technologies concomitantly. The most recent version of Sun's NetDynamics server will offer **XML** support, and Iona Technologies' Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA)-based HomeBase is an EJB server that will eventually have **XML** support.

DESCRIPTORS: Electronic Publishing; Interfaces ; Java ; Programming  
Languages ; Standards; XML  
1999



22/3,K/62 (Item 42 from file: 256)  
DIALOG(R) File 256:TecInfoSource  
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00114550 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: XML (837709); Java (573744); XMLways (741647); XML  
Server (735337); eXcelon (730076)

TITLE: New Development Platforms Bring XML into the Spotlight  
AUTHOR: McKendrick, Joseph  
SOURCE: ent, v4 n3 p17(1) Feb 3, 1999  
ISSN: 1085-2395  
HOMEPAGE: <http://www.entmag.com>

RECORD TYPE: Review  
REVIEW TYPE: Product Analysis  
GRADE: Product Analysis, No Rating

REVISION DATE: 20040130

PRODUCT NAMES: XML (...  
...837709); Java (...  
...741647); XML Server

TITLE: New Development Platforms Bring XML into the Spotlight

Sun Microsystems' Java , Netaway's XMLways, Bluestone Software's XML  
Server, and Object Design's eXcelon are highlighted in a discussion of new  
development platforms based on **eXtensible Markup Language (XML)**.  
XML is expected to create a \$1 billion market within a year, especially a  
new XML application server that could help ease growth of XML beyond  
the Web. With XML , users have a universal way to describe and format  
messages by putting information in context...

...HTML tags. Users can then access and exchange data from different  
applications. Data can be sent using Hypertext Transfer Protocol  
(HTTP), without any alterations to installed networks and over firewalls.  
A few vendors are merging XML with Java to create cross-platform,  
Web-transportable applications that access XML-enabled data from many  
data sources. XMLways, formerly SQL-Surfer, includes application  
construction tools written in C++ for Windows NT and UNIX environments.  
XML Server allows distribution and deployment of XML-enabled  
applications, and supports Enterprise JavaBeans . It includes an XML  
content translator , generator, and transport scripting vehicle. eXcelon  
is an XML application server that allows construction of enterprise Web  
applications using XML and is suitable for applications requiring access  
to multiple, different data sources; such applications include...

DESCRIPTORS: Electronic Publishing; Interfaces ; Java ; Middleware;  
Program Development; Software Marketing; XML  
1999